If you want to reach the people in the homes in Alexandria and its suburbs place your announcements in the Gazette. If your goods and prices are right you will get the customers.

Alexandria Gazette.

Library of Congress

THE WEATHER.
For this section: Cloudy tonight. Wednesday cooler.

VOL. CXXXIII—No. 242. ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1917. PRICE ONE CENT.

PLANS FOR NEW HOTEL?

Practical Business Men Said to Have Matter Under Consideration—Are Washington Capitalists Behind It?

Information has reached the Gazette that in a conference of business men held in Alexandria, a few days ago, the subject of a new, up-to-date hotel for our city, was discussed and the ideas advanced met with the universal approval of all present and it is understood that efforts will be made to proceed with the proposition in a definite way. The plans submitted included, as one of the most essential things that appealed to the business men, a dining or lunch room where professional and business men could drop in for the noon-day meal and have either a lunch or a more substantial meal if desired, with their customers or friends, everything to be served in an up-to-date and appetizing manner that will attract patronage of the many who are anxious to have such service.

The general plans cover a hotel that will attract the automobiling public of Washington and vicinity, where after a spin in Virginia they can have all the comforts of a large city hotel right here in Alexandria or after an evening spin from Washington rest in comfort in the nice dining rooms that were contemplated for the new hotel. The plans also contained suggestions for a hall, suitable for banquets, balls and similar occasions, which could also be used by Alexandrians for public gatherings. For small conventions it was said the hotel people could make a special effort to have them come to Alexandria and be convenient to the great Capital City and yet not have the great expense that is attendant upon such gatherings in the large cities. In the opinion of those who participated in the consideration of the matter there was no question but that the enterprise would be a profitable and unquestionably of greatest advantage to Alexandria and they pledged themselves to do all in their power to advance the idea.

As to the location of the proposed hotel, several suggestions were submitted, all but one naming King street as the most desirable street on which the hotel should be located, one of those present thinking that it might be well to locate it on the river front and let it be the beginning of the improvement of that section, his idea being that the splendid view of the Potomac from that point would be pleasing to the guests. The matter it is understood, is to be considered further with some practical hotel men and the details arranged definitely. The need of Alexandria for such a hotel is certainly such as would commend the proposition to men of experience and it is hoped that it will not be many days before there will be a company formed to put the plans in operation.

"Billy Burke" Tonight.

From the very first foot of film "The Mysterious Miss Terry" which is Billie Burke's latest Paramount Picture, holds the attention and interest at top notch. A mysterious cab is seen appearing out of the gloom of a London fog. It stops before a stately mansion and a veiled lady descends, peers cautiously around and enters the house. This inscruptable young person performs all sorts of kindly miracles for the people in her boarding-house later on in the picture but it is not until the final breathlessly absorbing denouement that her identity is discovered, Billie Burke in "The Mysterious Miss Terry" will appear tonight at the Richmond Theatre.

At the Surprise tonight "Heartaches" and Ham and Bud in "The Property Man" will be shown.

To Leave The City.

Captain Herbert Young who has been in charge of the local Salvation Army work for the last fifteen months, has received orders to take charge of the Army's work in Portsmouth. Before leaving the Captain is very anxious to pay off all the indebtedness so that his successor will have a start clear of debt. Will you please help? If you can give something to this cause, either mail it to Captain Young, or call 519, and he will gladly send for it. 242-1t.

APPEALS FOR GARMENTS

Associated Charities Ask Cast Off Clothing to Meet Wants of a Number in This City.

The Associated Charities of this city request the Gazette to call the attention of good people to the fact that the organizaion is in need of clothing, especially trousers to meet the wants of a number of indigent people who are in need of warm apparel now that cool weather has set in.

The Associated Charities performs an important part in our city every year. The members make personal visits to persons who appeal for help, and only when the members are satisfied the distress of the applicant is through no fault of himself or herself are donations made. But little interest is shown in cases where certain people prefer to make proper of themselves.

The cold and rainy weather of today is a reminder that bleak winter is drawing near, when the wants of the poor will be more keenly felt—when fuel and clothing will be necessary as well as something to eat.

We live in a day of missionary and eclemosynary movements, when good people throughout the world are embarking in enterprises for the purpose of throwing the fathership of the Creator and the brotherhood of man. These organizations should meet with the hearty approbation of all. But John while preaching at the river Jordan uttered in few words what should animate everyone. To use a word emphasized by Gypsy Smith, Listen: "And the people asked him, saying, What shall we do then? He answered and saith unto them, He that hath two coats let him impart to him that hath none; and he that hath meat (food of any sort) let him do likewise."

The Associated Charities repeat the words of the Baptist, when they make an appeal to the many who have two coats.

IN A PITABLE CONDITION

Supposed Deserter Found Partly Clothed and Bleeding.

Baltimore, Oct. 9.—Clothed only in a pair of badly torn trousers, his feet cut and bleeding, and a dozen severe gashes across his chest, a man thought to be drafted deserter from Camp Meade, and who showed every indication of a numbalanced mind, was found roaming the woods in the vicinity of the cantonment.

He was picked up by Chief of Police Pritchett, who has charge of the special district in the vicinity of the camp, and was taken to the Hotel Meade, where clothing and food were given to him, prior to being taken to Annapolis.

For some hours the man, who is thought to be a Lithuanian, refused to make any statement, pretending at first that he understood nothing of what was said of him.

Some Poles in the neighborhood, after quizzing the man, succeeded in wringing from him a statement that he was a drafted from the mining section of Pennsylvania. The man said that when he arrived at the camp he saw so many men there that he felt he was not needed, and that watching his chance he escaped. He refused to give his name or to make any other statement, except to say that he was crazy.

The man was in a pitable condition when found. After being taken to the Hotel Meade he waas seen to be so weak that he could hardly stand. For hours he sat looking straight ahead of him, remaining silent, except to murmur every now and then something that was incoherent. He is about five feet eight inches tall and weighs around 140 pounds.

Death Notice.

Died, in Brooklyn, N. Y., after a short illness, Daniel O. C. Walsh, formerly of Alexandria, son of the late Thomas and Mary Walsh, of Burgundy, Fairfax county, Va. He is survived by three sisters and three brothers, Mrs. A. C. Bruen, Mrs. Chas. H. Appich and Mrs. L. A. Popkins, and Louis J. Wash, J. H. Walsh and F. A. Walsh. Deceased was born in Fairfax county, and at time of his death was holding a position as teacher in a school in Brooklyn. 242-1t.

Salt Water and Potomac Oysters. J. Brill, No. 2, King street. Phone 307J.

Alexandria City and Suburbs

The Willard W. C. T. U. will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at 901 Prince street.

Mr. H. L. Ramey has gone on a three weeks trip through the western part of Pennsylvania.

Charles B. Sullivan, of 322 north Columbus street, has been taken to the George Washington University Hospital where he will undergo an operation.

Captain Herbert Young, who has had charge of the Salvation Army work in this city for the last fifteen months, states that he has had orders to go to Portsmouth, Va., and take charge in that city.

Miss Lillian Allen of this city, who was operated on at Providence Hospital in Washington, a few days ago, is reported quite ill again, from the bursting of a blood vessel in her left side.

There will be a meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society of the M. E. church South tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock when an effort will be made to organize a mission study class. The ladies of the church are cordially invited to attend.

The work of putting gravel on the Fort Hunt road was started yesterday, beginning at the river road south of Hunting Creek bridge near this city. It is estimated that approximately six thousands loads will be required to complete the work satisfactorily. The gravel is obtained from the Frost estate near Wellington.

The first regular meeting of the City Council since July will be held tonight.

At the meeting of Alexandria Lodge of Elks last night George W. Bontz was installed as secretary, and George Kaus appointed Inner Guard to fill the unexpired term of Robert Wenzell.

Two cases were on the docket of the Police Court this morning. Solomon Smith, colored, had been arrested for being drunk. He failed to respond when his name was called and forfeited his collateral. Edward Lee, colored, charged with disorderly conduct and fighting officers, was fine $5.

Various interesting reports were received at the regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce held last night. Among them were those concerning the housing of the men who are employed at the Washington Steel and Ordnance Company's plant; the new reading and club room recently opened in the old Pythian hall on north Pitt street for those employees; the report of President May of the session of the United States Chamber of Commerce at Atlantic City and also that of the committee on Alexandria's war garden contest. In regard to the latter it is expected that the final report concerning the award of prizes will be made sometime this week, after which due announcement of the result will be made public showing who the winners of the three prizes are.

The Circuit Court for the city, Judge J. B. T. Thornton, presiding, considered several chancery cases today.

The Allison W. C. T. U. will hold a regular meeting at the Children's Home tomorrow (Wednesday) afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. All members are requested to attend.

The Girls' Club, for which rooms have been opened at 819 Prince street, is especially for the use of girls who come to the city for employment and have no other home or boarding place. The rooms are in charge of a committee of ladies who hope to make the club of real benefit to those for whom it has been opened, by providing them with pleasant, home-like surroundings so far as may be possible and where they may live comfortably and economically. Girls who desire to do so are invited to visit the club and learn more concerning it.

Announcement is made by Mrs. Isobel Gregory Boswell, of this city, of the marriage of her daughter, Judith Winter, to Lieut. George M. Anderton, U. S. engineers which occurred on Saturday last in the Church of the Transfiguration, New York city. Among those in attendance were the parents of the bridegroom, Mr. and Mrs. George Pryor Anderton, of Alexandria, and his sister, Miss Anderton, of New York. It is stated that the wedding was held somewhat earlier than was anticipated owing to the fact that Lieut. Anderton may be ordered abroad at any time within the near future.

FIGHT WITH SUBMARINE.

Baltimore Boy Gives Graphic Description of Encounter.

Baltimore, Oct. 9.—A fight at sea described by August J. Zilonka, a Baltimore boy, in a letter to his former employer, Charles W. Pentz, vice president and sales manager of the Frederick W. Lipps Company. In his letter Zilonka writes:

with a German submarine, which continued more than a half hour, is

"We left on Sunday morning, August 19. * * * Passing through the war zone we passed several lifeboats turned over. One had three dead bodies stretched across it.

"One thing we can be thankful for, was passing a mine about five feet off the port side during the afternoon, and seeing it in time to prevent us from being blown up, for this certainly would have happened if it were at night. British destroyers met us and convoyed us as far as where we met a United States and a French patrol boat.

"The British ships and destroyers then left us and headed for Liverpool, while we made the run for port. That was the night of September 5, It was a fine moonlight night, one which I will never forget, as we received messages almost all night of submarine positions.

"The hours went by like days, and at exactly 7:10 a. m. we had a battle with two U-boats which lasted about thirty-five minutes. We were firing steadily, and at one time, by zigzagging, were almost hit by a shell from one of our own ships. The two wireless men manned the machine gun, while our senior operator was stationed at the key.

"We fired about 300 shots, but finally had to stop because of the positions of the other ships. I still have several shells as a remembrance of our battle, which I will never forget.

"Reports combined from all our ships state that one U-boat was sunk while trying to make a dive."

LUXBURG HAS NOT LEFT.

Officials Admit That He Is Still in Argentina.

Buenos Aires, Oct. 9.—Officials yesterday admitted that Count Karl von Luxburg, the former German minister to Argentina, is still in the country. His exact location, however, was not made known.

The admission was forthcoming when it was learned today that a search by a British cruiser of an outward bound Spanish steamer had failed to locate Von Luxburg, who was supposed to have taken passage on the steamer last Friday and sailed from Montevideo.

BARS GERMAN MINISTER.

Ecuador Believed to be Joining Teuton Empire's Enemies.

Washington, Oct. 9.—Without comment or explanation the Ecuadorean Foreign Minister notified Minister Elivalde today that his Government had instructed its Minister in Peru to advise the German Minister there that he could not be formally received at the Ecuadorean capital. Mr. Elivalde will advise Secretary Lansing of his Government's action tomorrow. By State Department officials and diplomats the action of Ecuador, has been construed as practically equivalent to a rupture of relations with Germany.

Doctor Perl was appointed German Minister to both Peru and Ecuador, and, after the declaration of war by the United States, he mailed his credentials to Quito. The Ecuadorean Government refused to recognize such informal presentation, and then the Minister tried to secure acknowledgement of his status by sending an agent to Quito to act as charge d'Affaires. The agent was not recognized. Diplomats here were convinced today, however, that Ecuador's refusal to receive the Minister, now that he is willing to go to Quito, was not due to pique, but was carefully calculated as an indication of the country's intention to join the majority of South American nations already aligned against Germany.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS.

United States Department of Agriculture Makes Soil Survey of Fairfax and Alexandria Counties

Washington, Oct. 9.—In order to assist farmers in the management of their land and in the adaptation of their crops to the different types of soil found in the area, the United States Department of Agriculture has recently completed a soil survey of Fairfax and Alexandria counties, Virginia. The report of this survey covers 43 printed pages and includes a large map showing in colors the location of the various types of soil in the area.

Alexandria county is given over largely to suburban residences. In Fairfax county the agriculture consists mainly of general farming, the principal crops being corn, hay, rye, wheat, oats, potatoes, and other vegetables. Dairy farming, the feeding of beef cattle, hog raising, market gardening, and fruit growing are engaged in to some extent. More land is devoted to corn than to any other crop, but in some years the supply is insufficient to meet the demand. The number of silos in the county is increasing as the business of supplying Washington with milk becomes more important.

SHOT FOR GIRL'S ACT.

Austrian Court Condemns Her And Five Others To Death.

Amsterdam, Oct. 9.—How "justice" was administered by the Austrian military courts is described in a series of articles by the Vienna Arbeiter Zeitung, in order to prove the necessity of a general amnesty.

The Journal states that in September, 1914, a young lady clerk wrote a letter to her uncle, enclosing a copy of the proclamation by the czar and General Rennenkampf, which was dropped on the Austrian lines from a Russian aeroplane. The girl was sentenced to death.

Her uncle read the proclamation to a bank official, who gave three copies to friends of his. He and one of the officials were sentenced to death, and two friends of the official were sentenced to five and three years' penal servitude respectively.

A third friend who lent a copy to a colleague, who made two copies was sentenced to death. Another man who was present when the copies were made received three years' penal servitude, and a man who made a copy was sentenced to death.

Copies of this proclamation came into the hands of a school boy, who took them to school, with the result that twenty schoolboys from fifteen to eighteen years of age, were sentenced altogether to twenty-four years' penal servitude.

The sum total of the thirty-nine sentences pronounced was six capital sentences and ninety-one years penal servitude.

STARTED INCENDIARY FIRES.

Fifty I. W. W. Members Locked up in California as a Result Thereof.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 9.—Hundreds of men patroled the streets of Modesto and Stockton, Cal., and fifty members of the I. W. W. are in the jails of the two cities, as the result of a series of incendiary fires which began simultaneously in San Joaquin and Stanislaus counties. Sheriff Davis, of Modesto, charges the I. W. W. started the fires in retaliation for the arrest of Dan Lavery, I. W. W. leader in this district, wanted by Chicago federal authorities.

Eight fires broke out at the same time in various sections of Modesto. From midnight until dawn the city was in a fever of apprehension. Hundreds of citizens armed themselves, and there was danger for a time that they would stage a lynching bee. Peace officers prevailed, however, and citizens contented themselves with putting into jail forty I. W. W. members. All of the Modesto fires were started by balls of phosphorus thrown into dry hay.

ANOTHER PEACE OFFER

Report That Central Powers Are Ready to Surrender Belguim and French Territories.

Amsterdam, Oct. 9.—Germany and Austria have agreed to make another peace offer on the basis of no territorial aggrandizement, surrender of Belgium and the French territories, and no indemnity on either side, according to the Berlin Tageszeitung today.

The newspaper asserted it made the announcement "on good authority."

No details were given as to how the rumored peace offers would be advanced.

Speculation here was that Chancellor Michaelis might make some sort of a peace announcement today in his postponed speech advertised as likely to outline Germany's war aims.

A sensational session of the Reichstag is expected, according to Berlin reports. Dispatches said Chancellor Michaelis was absent from Berlin, but in contradiction, other messages reported him ready to speak. The German press is filled with comment on the crisis which Michaelis now faces in the German parliament.

The resignation of Vice Chancellor Helfferich was freely predicted in some comments. The radicals in the Reichstag and even many of the conservatives are solidly opposed to him because of his failure to announce a decisive governmental policy at Saturday's Reichstag session. Even a number of the conservative newspapers received here bitterly condemn Helfferich.

Made on the eve of the publication by Germany of new peace proposals statements by two Austrian Diet leaders appear significant. Prince Alois Lichtenstein, president of the Diet, addressing the Diet recently said:

"We offer our hand for an honest peace, but it is rejected we shall seize the sword, which, as hitherto, with God's help, will decide in our favor."

Councilor Kunschok, following him said:

"We want peace, but not at any price. We demand peace in the name of Europe, which is sinking to exhaustion while her competitors are waxing fat."

THROWN INTO FLAMES.

Negro Arrested Charged With Terrible Crime.

Suffolk, Va., Oct. 9.—Charlie Taylor, colored, of Holland, Va., was arrested yesterday charged with having knocked Robert Purvis, his benefactor, unconscious and then having thrown him into a fire, leaving both the man and the house to burn. After Purvis had been burned almost to a crisp, his eyes entirely gone and his face and back horribly disfigured, he was found by passers-by and was able to tell them his story. He had some time before deeded all of his farm property and some money to Taylor upon conditions that Taylor would take care of him the rest of his life. When he refused to sign a note for Taylor on Sunday morning he said the latter struck him and then threw him into the fire, which was so arranged as to burn both the man and the house. He then went off to a colored church near Holland. People near by discovered the fire before it made any headway, but not in time to rescue Purvis before he was terribly burned. When arrested Taylor attempted to get away, but ran squarely into the arms of Constable Whitfield.

PETROGRAD MENACED.

Strong German Naval Forces Are Reported Preparing for an Offensive.

London, Oct. 9.—Strong German naval forces have been observed off the Island of Bornholm and off the coast of Sweden, apparently confirming rumors of an intended German offensive against Helsingfors and Petrograd, according to a dispatch to the Morning Post from Stockholm. A traveler who has arrived in the Swedish capital, says he learned from a trustworthy source that considerable German forces are soon to be assembled in the Baltic, including numerous mine sweepers, seaplanes and transports. The German plan is believed to include an attack on Helsingfors by land and sea.

HAIG STRIKING AGAIN

Plan to Cut off German Submarine Bases Believed to be Realized in Near Future.

London, Oct. 9.—Field Marshal Haig has struck again in the Ypres sector.

"At 5:20 this morning we again attacked on the west front northeast and east of Ypres in conjunction with our allies on the left," Haig reported. "We made satisfactory progress. The weather is stormy." The vast morass of mud over Flanders caused by the last two days of drenching rain did not stop the British commander's plans for a continuation of his drive.

"Northeast and east of Ypres is in the same general sector where the British made their overwhelmingly successful "big push" of last week. The weather was ideallyy cool and clear. Today it was sleety and rainy with strong winds.

Today's blow comes more quickly after a great offensive than any similar drive which the British have undertaken in more than a year. Haig heretofore has been content to strike a staggering blow, reach certain specific objects and then hold these until every plan was perfected for a further advance—possibly for weeks.

Haig delivered such a blow last Thursday. He advanced over a front of eight miles. Today—five days later—he has again thrown his line forward.

From this change in tactics London harbored growing belief that the whole comprehensive British campaign plan to cut off the German submarine bases at Zeebrugge and Ostend, now seemed likely to be realized probably at an early date. In addition it was believed the sudden change in Haig's customary tactics was another proof of the complete failure of the newly adopted German "pill box" system of defense.

SHOT DURING SEARCH.

Army Officer Wounded, and he in Turn Fires Five Times, all Taking Effect

Spartansburg, S. C., Oct. 9.—Lieutenant Randall M. Mattson, of Rochester, New York, member of the military police, was shot and painfully wounded Sunday night by William Lands, who was suspected of selling liquor to soldiers, and Lands was in turn shot five times by Lieutenant Mattson. Mattson will recover, but Lands's wounds are thought to be fatal.

Lieutenant Mattson, with a local policeman and five privates of the military police, went to Lands's house to make a search for contraband liquor. Lands was told to open the door, but attempted to escape by a rear door. As he stepped out the door he fired two shots at Lieutenant Mattson, one taking effect in the groin. Lieutenant Mattson's pistol was not loaded, but after he fell to the ground he slipped the magazine into place and fired five shots at Lands, all taking effect. Three went through the abdomen.

COAL SITUATION BETTER.

Few Specific Complaints of Shortage Reported From Any Part of Country

Washington, Oct. 9.—Few specific complaints of coal shortage have been reported from any part of the country in spite of the recent cold weather. Fuel Administrator Garfield said yesterday, after a conference with President Wilson.

"The fuel administration," said Dr. Garfield, "has received telegrams saying the coal situation is acute, but these do not give details which can be investigated and remedied. Most reports indicate that individual consumers are receiving necessary supplies of coal."

The administrator explained that some complaints of coal shortage came from persons whose orders are not filled promptly because of the great demand at this time of the year, and who are unnecessarily worried as a result.

Removing Dead by Truck Loads.

London, Oct. 9.—The Germans are removing their dead from the field by the truck load stacked up like grain stocks. A photograph taken from a prisoner showed bodies lashed together in bundles of four and thrown upon the cars.

Alexandria Gazette SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON, Except Sunday.
By The Alexandria Gazette Corporation, 317 King Street, Alexandria, Va.
HOWARD W. SMITH, President and Treasurer.
WILLIAM ALBERT SMOOT, Vice President.
EDWIN BRADLEY HARD, Editor and General Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at Alexandria, Virginia as second class matter.

LONG-STANDING NUISANCE

Shorty after the close of the civil war a certain class of Alexandrians supposed that an excursion or ball minus a fight was as Hamlet without Hamlet. Hence many people of quiet natures were loth to mingle in such gatherings. Fights were the ordinary accompaniments of public amusements until murders cast a chill on common disturbers of the peace, and certain resorts which had been scenes of such procedures soon went into an eclipse. It is rare at present to hear of disturbances on excursions or at dances, not that there are still bellicose individuals in the world, but they have been curbed to such an extent that they segregate themselves in other places and consort with their own ilk.

While witnessing the proceedings of the Police Court this morning we looked at a tall young negro man who had been arrested for disorderly conduct and resisting and fighting officers at a ball at colored Odd Fellows' Hall, on south Columbus street last night.

While Officers Zell and Nevitt were at the corner of Wolfe and Columbus streets about midnight an officer of a colored lodge approached and requested them to enter Odd Fellows' Hall where a dance was in progress, and quell a disturbance which had been started. The trouble had been precipitated by three negroes, and when the officers appeared two managed to get out of the hall and escape. Edward Lee, the tall negro referred to above, was pointed out as being one of the disorderly individuals, and when the officers attempted to arrest him he showed fight, rushing into the street and throwing stones at the conservators of the peace. He was overpowered, not, however, until he had been knocked down by the officers. Lee was locked up and was fined five dollars in the police court this morning.

The colored Odd Fellows' Hall on south Columbus street, has been the scene of disturbances for nearly half a century, or since the building took the place of a church which at one time occupied the site. It is seldom that a gathering of negroes takes place there at which a fight is not precipitated.

We do not mean by this that all colored people are disposed to be disorderly. In fact, we have no doubt that the large majority gather to enjoy themselves, and that fights are generally brought on by disorderly negroes who attend for the purpose of looking for trouble. A few nights ago officers were compelled to enter the place and make arrests. On that occasion it was ascertained that a negro had passed a knife to a woman as the officers entered. Some of this disorderly element carry pistols into the place, and terrorize others who assemble for pleasure.

In ante war times a white man, for good reasons, was generally present at gatherings of negroes. This was deemed necessary after the Nat Turner insurrection in the southeastern section of the state. We do not urge any such law at present, but that something should be done to curb a certain disorderly element must be apparent to the larger portion of colored people.

It is a problem which they should work out at once. Negroes are social beings, and they should be allowed to gather without let or hindrance.

We refer above to conditions among certain white people after the close of the civil war. When such became unbearable managers of excursions, balls, etc., used to append the following lines to advertisements: "No improper person will be allowed on the boat or grounds." Thus the committees of arrangements had the power to prevent suspicious characters from mingling with well-disposed excursionists or at balls. The disorderly element eventually became abashed and kept away from gatherings where they knew they were not wanted. Probably our colored residents might resort to a similar procedure.

BLAMES LAGER BEER.

Before the civil war but little lager beer was consumed in Alexandria. In 1861 an unpretentious frame house on the north side of Wilkes street, between Fairfax and Lee, destroyed by fire in 1862, bore the legend "Lager Beer." Later this "plant" was removed to the west side of Royal street, between King and Prince, and the legend made to adorn another frame structure adjoining the old soup house.

The capture of Alexandria by the federal troops in 1861 brought many lovers of lager beer among us, and this malt drink soon took the place of ale which had for years been brewed by the late H. S. Martin at the corner of Fayette and Commerce streets. At the close of the war the late Robert Portner began to brew lager on a small scale, and later home-made lager beer took the place of home-made ale. Portner's business prospered until it evolved into the huge plant on north St. Asaph street.

Spiritous and malt liquors have much laid to their charge. Many years ago the increasing number of suicides in the United States caused people to speculate on the cause. Some, born with an antipathy to malt drinks, laid the blame upon lager beer, and fortified their standpoint by calling attention to the fact that most of the suicides bore German names, and, being of Teutonic origin, they necessarily drank lager beer.

The Richmond Virginian now intimates that this German drink is responsible for the present world war. The Virginian says:

That beer is largely responsible for the mental attitude of Germans in Germany toward all the world outside the empire has been suggested more than once by persons whose opinion is valuable. Now comes Professor Daly, of Harvard university, who says that mild and eternal intoxication is a partial but very real explanation of those unforgettable crimes committed by official Germany against civilization and decency.

The origin of lager beer carries the reader back many years. According to the story, a boy had been apprenticed to a German shoemaker. The youth soon grew tired of his master, and determined to run away. The Germans at that time drank a certain beer which was non-intoxicating and harmless. The shoemaker upon the morning the boy had made up his mind to take French leave sent him to a nearby place to purchase a bottle of beer. The boy bought the beer and digging a hole near a tree deposited the purchase and then left for parts unknown. Several years later, after having attained his majority, the former apprentice returned to the place of his birth, and while there visited his former master. Remembering that he had buried the bottle of beer, he suggested to the shoemaker that he dig it up and see how it tasted after having been in the ground so long. The young man recovered the bottle, and took it to the shoemaker, who opened it. Upon tasting the liquid both were surprised to find that it far surpassed the beer sold in the place. The hint that beer should be kept a certain time in vaults was taken and lager beer soon became the German national drink.

THE PRESIDENT'S WARNING.

President Wilson struck the key note again yesterday when he warned the country against premature talk of peace.

An extensive movement to lead and express public opinion on the war was inaugurated in Washington yesterday by the formation of the League for National Unity, representing church, political, labor, agricultural and industrial organizations, to which President Wilson gave his indorsement in an address emphasizing the need for team play by the forces of American thought and opinion.

Welcoming the leaders of the movement at the White House in a brief speech, the President expressed the belief that American public opinion, although understanding the war's causes and principles, needs guidance to remember that the war should end only when Germany is beaten and Germany's rule of autocracy and might are superseded by the ideals of democracy.

This is the issue which the American people should always keep in mind, the President said, in order to avoid being misled into byways of thought, and of the resultant scattering of the force of public opinion.

Talk of early peace before Germany is defeated is one of the evidences of misdirected thought, he suggested, and should not cloud the vision of those who understand that the United States is fighting now for the same ideals of democracy and freedom that have always actuated the nation.

The President gave warning that it should not be forgotten that German success would mean, not only prevention of the spread of democracy, but possibly the suppression of that already existing.

WAR HITS THE THIRSTY.

Yesterday beer was still selling in New York at five cents a glass, but they were not "schooners," but "ponies," served in "shrunken," glasses. The old-time fifteen-cent private stock of whisky sold at twenty-five cents. Ten-cent whisky had advanced to fifteen cents. Gin and all sorts of wine had advanced proportionately in price, and "cocktails," early morning "eye-openers," brought twenty-five cents. Advices from points in New Jersey are to the effect that the high price of "booze" is placing many persons who heretofore indulged in stimulants upon the water wagon.

Certain Alexandrians, whose wont it is to take "nips" in Washington now that Virginia is in the dry column, complain of the sharp advance in wet goods. Within the next three weeks liquor will be a scarce commodity in the capital city, and those who may be able to locate it will doubtless be compelled to pay double the present rates. Prices will necessarily advance even in places where the traffic in liquor is allowed, from the fact that no stimulants are supposed to be made at present under the law.

The high prices of liquor referred to above bring to mind conditions existing in Alexandria during the civil war. There was hardly a time, notwithstanding the lynx eyes of the federal authorities, when whisky (that is so-called whisky) could not be obtained here, but the concoctions were of such a nature that they bore but little semblance to the real fruit of the still. Yet certain persons paid the high prices and drank the stuff.

While the manufacture of liquor is forbidden as a war measure, there will doubtless still be moonshiners, but their products will necessarily be limited, and prices will steadily rise, that is if the war is to continue and present laws remain in vogue.

THE WESTERN BATTLE FRONT.

It is suggested that a series of battles that will probably be merged into one and be known as the battle of the Belgian Coast, is pointed at the destruction of the submarine and general naval bases. The advances made by General Haig in his determined attack upon the enemy's most strongly defended sector are phenomenal, not for the amount of territory covered as for the objective sought, though this has been calamitous to the Germans, but for the demonstration that has been made of the fact of Ally superiority over their foes.

Secretary of War Baker in his resume of the military situation has well set forth that the decisive ascendency of the Allies has been demonstrated in this contest. This means that the Teutons are beaten and that victory is only a matter of progressive success. While, as he says, a decision may not have been forced there is no room to doubt that, given suitable weather, the Haig drive will be kept up until the Belgian coast, with Zeebruge, Ostend and other of the numerous bases have been captured or destroyed. Thus the sea would be made immeasurably safer for the transports of the United States and for the supply ships and ships of regular commerce.

The present operations of General Haig with the objective that he seeks are but the vestibule to tremendously widened operations, the nature of which may readily be surmised. Given the Belgian coast, the Allies both on land and sea will have overwhelming advantage over their foes and the end of the war be brought correspondingly closer.

PERU, URUGUAY, ARGENTINA.

Argentina remains neutral. But the people are not neutral. Sentiment is strong for a break with Germany. And the war will not proceed many months before this will have been effected.

As is suggested by the Baltimore American, if the United States regarded such action by Argentina as particularly important it could find ways to stimulate the country to such a course, despite the settled indisposition of the president of the republic to have his country enter the war.

Peru and Uruguay have both broken with Germany, thus increasing the number of Latin American republics that are definitely at war with the Teutons on the side of the United States and in sympathy with its ideals of democracy and humanity. These republics have acted in highminded fashion, and they will be given the glowing record for their stand that must be shared by all the smaller countries that have the courage to act with big spirit.

The practical benefits to the United States of having Uruguay on the side of the United States may be more apparent as the war proceeds. There are six German ships in Uruguay, the use of which the United States will probably have. And Uruguay is finely located for a naval base. The possibility of German naval activities in American waters as remote, but has not been definitely disposed of.

A NEW HOTEL?

In another column the Gazette makes mention of the matter of a new, up-to-date hotel in Alexandria, and we feel that we only express the views of our readers generally when we say that it is certainly most desirable to have added to our facilities for entertaining visitors to our city such a hostelry as the information indicates is being considered by certain business men.

On the plans outlined it will practically make a place of its own in our midst and fill a want that all Alexandrians will appreciate.

REICHSTAG PEACE DEBATES.

(Baltimore American.)

To one and only one thing is Germany amenable, and that is force. Having itself the doctrine of force as the keynote of its activities, it will respect nothing less than superior force in its foes. The operations of General Haig, the success of General Maude in Mesopotamia, the lessened effectiveness of the submarine, due to skill and efficiency in meeting the menace—all these are important in bringing to the German mind the reflection that force is not a monopoly of the Kaiser.

It is not, however, to be supposed that the achievements thus far of the Allies will bring the Reichstag in its sittings to a stronger position for peace than its declaration upon the occasion of its last assembling. But there is another kind of force operative—moral and political force—and this kind of force is being felt by the government as a rising tide of protest by the people against continuing the war without something to advance as a reason other than the determination of the junkers to maintain the autocratic system of the German government.

The country knows that Germany will not officially make any concessions until it is forced to do so, as it will seek to come into a peace conference fortified as fully as possible with the fruits of its conquests. Hence the Reichstag is not apt to advance the peace goal by any definite stage through anything it may do.

TO EXTIRPATE ARMENIANS

Plan Made in Germany, Says Returned Missionary.

New York, Oct. 9.—The plan to extirpate the Armenian Christians from Turkey was "made in Germany and suggested to the Turks by German officials," and where the Armenians made a stand against their Moslem oppressors it was German officers and German cannon broke them up, according to the Rev. Alpheus Newell Andrus, senior missionary for the Congregation Station at Mardin, Mesopotamia, who told of his experiences here today. The farsighted Germans, he said, were looking forward to the time when they expected to gain complete dominion in Turkey, and they wanted to eliminate the Armenian question by getting rid of the Armenian race.

"One of the ways the Turks went about it was to load Armenian men on goatskin rafts, on the understanding that they were to be deported, and then they were taken out and dumped into the Tigris river and drowned," he said. "This was the fate of at least 2,500 men from the vicinity of Diarbekir and its suburbs in Northern Mesopotamia.

"Armed soldiers were on the rafts, which each carried about 75 to 100 victims. Kurd boatmen rowed them out into deep water. Then the soldiers would drive the Armenians to one side of the rafts until they tilted and dumped them into the river. If they tried to climb back on the rafts the soldiers and boatmen beat them and shot them until all perished."

The Germans and the Turkish Government, Dr. Andrus said, looked upon the destruction of the Armenians in Turkey as a cold-blooded political move and gave the actual execution of it into the hands of the Kurds and Turkish soldiers, who went about it with the ferocity of Moslem religious fanaticism.

SAVES SWEETHEART.

But York Man Loses Life After Making Rescue.

York, Pa., Oct. 9.—After assisting Miss Janet Senft, his sweetheart, to climb astride an overturned canoe, Frank Shaub, 21 years old, became exhausted and was drowned in the Codorus Creek yesterday. The two were canoeing and while trying to exchange seats the frail craft upset. Shaub went to the assistance of the girl and she was later rescued from the position on the canoe to which he assisted her.

REWARD ON KAISER'S HEAD.

Pooleville, Tex., Raises $1,246.50 for His Capture.

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 9.—Pooleville, Parker county, near here, has raised $1,246.50 as a reward for the delivery of the German Emperor into the hands of the American authorities. Practically every male resident of the town contributed.

Practical Business Men Said to Have

Classified Advertising

BOY WANTED—With bicycle. Opportunity to learn telegraphy. 309 King street. 236-tf

FOR SALE—Chalmers car, $1250. Inquire at 1400 King street. 241-3t.

FOR RENT—Very desirable first floor rooms suitable for light house keeping, at 603 Queen street. Terms reasonable. Also house at 525 north Alfred street, water and gas. References required. Apply at 603 Queen street. 238-6t.

An intelligent person may earn $100 monthly corresponding for newspapers; $40 to $50 monthly in spare time; experience unnecessary; no canvassing; subjects suggested. Send for particulars. National Press Bureau, Room 4234, Buffalo, N. Y. 118-tf.

WANTED—Twenty-five girls to learn winding, doubling and spinning, wages $4.00 per week while learning, advanced in a few weeks. Steady work guaranteed. Apply at Klots Silk Mill, Pitt and Wilkes street, Alexandria. 216-6w.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with all conveniences at 202 south Pitt street. Price reasonable. 242-3t.

WANTED—A cook. Apply at 211 north Washington street. 242-3t.

FOR RENT—Desirable, up-to-date, apartment on Prince Street; steam heat, electric lights, gas range with upper oven, hot and cold water, tiled bath; large rooms with southern frontage and windows also to the north, east and west. For terms apply on premises, 919 Prince street. 218-tf.

WANTED—A saleslady, with reference. Apply to 904 King street. 242-tf.

ROOMS—Are now ready to be rented at very reasonable rates at the Girls Club, 819 Prince street. Rooms open for inspection from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

WANTED

Experienced car repair men, also white and colored laborers. Good pay. Steady work guaranteed.
Apply to
Master Mechanic,
Potomac Railroad Yards,
Potomac, Va.
240-3t.

Insure the home NOW—don't delay another day. This is the season in which most fires occur. Insuring through this Agency means ABSOLUTE PROTECTION at regular rates.

LAURENCE STABLER
415 Prince Street, Alexandria Va

HENRY K. FIELD & COMPANY
Lumber and Mill Work
Quick Shipments — Grades Guaranteed

10 to 12 Per Cent Investments

806-808 Pendleton street, 2 six room frames. Rents for $8.00 each per month, with water rents extra. Price $800 each.

1107 Queen street, good six room frame dwelling, newly papered and painted. Always rented for $10 per month and water extra. Price $900 on easy terms.

1213-1215-1217 Queen street, 3 six room frames. Rents for $8.00 each water rent extra. Price $900 each.

313-315 north St. Asaph street, 2 eight room frame dwellings. Rent for $25 per month. Good location and a fine investment at $1,600 for both houses.

213-215-217 Peyton street, 4 room frames. Rents for $5.00 each per month. Price $500 each.

532 north Columbus street, 6 room frame, sewer tapped. Rents for $12.00 per month. Price $1,250.

724-726 north Columbus street, 6 room frames. Price $1,500.

Store and dwelling 531 north Alfred street, corner Pendleton. Dwelling 8 rooms and bath. Rents for $16 per month. Price $1,600.

Further Particulars of
J. D. NORMOYLE
Real Estate and Renting Agent,
Corner King and Royal Streets.
Bell Phone 564. Notary Public.

Worth Hulfish, President and Treasurer. George B. Carlin, Vice President. David N. Hulfish, Sec'y and Manager.
CARLIN-HULFISH COMPANY, INC.,
Established 1844 by James F. Carlin.
Wholesale Hardware
Guns, Loaded Shells and Cartridges,
Genuine Malta Plows and Plates,
Grindstones, Nails and Horse Shoes,
Roofing Paper and Barbed Wire.
ALEXANDRIA, VA.

EVERYTHING FOR BUILDING BUT THE HARDWARE
COAL
Smoot
ALEXANDRIA, VA.
LUMBER
EVERYTHING FOR BUILDING BUT THE HARDWARE

FOR RENT
King Street corner Pitt
Best Location in Alexandria.
Two New Stores now complete with large windows.
ALSO
Modern Business Offices on Third Floor; Heat, Janitor Service, Electric Lights, Lavatories, etc.
M. L. Horner
612 King Street

WHITE ROSE
an exceptionally beautiful CUT GLASS design.
We are showing a variety of useful and ornamental pieces at very moderate prices.
R. C. Acton & Sons
606 King Street
Jewelers and Silversmiths.

"THE BUSY CORNER"
S. Kann Sons & Co.
9TH ST. AND PENNA. AVE.

"THE BUSY CORNER"
S. Kann Sons & Co.
9TH ST. AND PENNA. AVE.

OPEN 9:00 A. M. CLOSE 5:45 P. M.

Semi-Made Skirts At $4.98

Prepare For the Long Winter Evenings

BY WIRING YOUR HOUSE FOR ELECTRIC LIGHT AND ENJOY THE COMFORTS OF ELECTRIC SERVICE. THE EVENING GATHERINGS ARE MORE CHEERFUL IN ELECTRIC LIGHTED HOMES. THE ADDED CHEER AND CONVENIENCE WILL MANY TIMES PAY FOR THE COST OF THE WORK.

Alexandria County Lighting Company

524 King Street Phone 193

WE FILL EYE DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTIONS

Repair spectacles and eyeglasses, replace broken lenses, Etc.

If you have your eyes examined by a

Specialist

bring us the prescription

We can make the glasses.

H. W. WILDT & SON, Jewelers

106 North Royal Street

Alexandria National Bank

CAPITAL $100,000.00

WE ARE NOW OFFERING TO OUR CUSTOMERS AND FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY BONDS OF THE SECOND LIBERTY LOAN.

Bonds bear 4 Per Cent interest. Denominations $50, $100, $500, $1,000, $5,000, $10,000, etc.

Call and Consult with us.

OFFICERS.

Judge C. N. Nichol, President, W. B. Smoot, Vice-President, J. L. Perry, Cashier.

First National Bank

OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

We are now prepared to deliver

Liberty Loan 3 1-2 Bonds

to all who subscribed and paid for same in full, through this bank.

PROTOX
Pure Ground Meat Scraps For Poultry
Telephone or Write Us For Descriptive Book.
ALEXANDRIA FERTILIZER & CHEMICAL CO.

PREPARE FOR NEXT WINTER

Liquid Glass will keep Eggs from spoiling until next spring, if used now. One pint is added to eleven pints of water, according to full directions on the bottle.

Pint Bottles 20c. Quart Bottles 35c.

Put up by

LEADBEATER DRUG CORPORATION

UNREST IN SOUTH AMERICA.

Old Territorial Disputes Revived by War Decisions.

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 9.—Virtual entrance into the European war on the part of Peru and Uruguay by breaking relations with Germany has set the whole South American political pot a boiling. Territorial controversies of old standing, some of them smouldering for decades under a veneer of "friendly relations," others almost forgotten, have been revived overnight. Owing to the remoteness of the seat of war this phase transcends for the moment all others.

Between Peru and Chile there has been an "Alsace-Lorraine question" ever since the war between the two countries was ended by the treaty of 1883-'84. By that treaty Chile occupied the provinces of Tacna and Arica under the stipulation that a popular vote in the two provinces in 1914 should decide to which country they belong. When the time came, negotiations failed and Chile kept Tacna and Arica. Peru has been claiming them ever since as "stolen provinces."

Peru, it is understood, proposed to enlist the support of the entente allies and America for her claim, and to have it settled in her favor at the peace conference.

A similar controversy has been obtained between Uruguay and Argentina for many years with respect to the jurisdiction and sovereignty over the waters of the Rio de La Plata, or Plate River. Through its many tributaries, this stream drains the greater part of Argentina, all of Paraguay, and most of Uruguay, as well as portions of Bolivia and Brazil. Argentina claims jurisdiction over the river's waters as far as the Uruguayan three-mile limit, a claim that has been long a thorn in the side of the smaller republic.

The view taken in most of the South American countries, according to dispatches and press comments, is that unless Argentina soon joins the almost complete South American block against Germany, she will reap an unpleasant harvest of her passivity when old scores are settled at the peace conference.

The former Uruguayan foreign minister, Senor Zeballes says that Uruguay's break with Germany clearly brings up the Plate question for definite settlement.

Old boundary disputes also obtain between Peru on one hand and Bolivia, Columbia and Ecuador on the other.

TO EXAMINE CONSCRIPTS

Announcement Is Expected After Conference Late Today.

Announcement that the 7,000,000 registered men not called in the first draft will be ordered up for examination immediately is expected to follow a conference this afternoon between Secretary of War Baker and Provost Marshal General Crowder.

It has been definitely decided by the War Department to order the examination of the 7,000,000 men. Today's conference will deal merely with details of this.

The real question to be dealt with at the conference is that of a second draft.

The plans of the General Staff for the handling of the first draft have been completed. It is broadly hinted that some of the drafted men will receive not more than sixteen weeks training before they are sent to France.

Little surprise now would be occasioned by a draft before Christmas. This does not mean that the men will actually be called from their homes, but that a date for the second draft will be announced by that time. The actual mobilization probably will not take place until March or April.

It is also indicated that instead of calling out 500,000 or more men—the limit allowed under the existing law of 1,000,000 with the necessary reserves—the next draft will hardly be for more than 100,000 and will be followed by a series of similar "small drafts" designed to refill the cantonments as rapidly as the forces now under training there are moved.

Auto Owners, Notice.

Auto Tire Repairing Our Specialty.

Over 20 years' experience back of every job.

There are 40 repair shops in Washington, yet we get a lot of work from there. Why?

We do particular work for particular people.

Give us a trial. Ask your neighbor about us.

Leahy's Tire Hospital,

Opposite Police Station
Alexandria, Virginia.

DEMAND PEACE.

People Sinking to Exhaustion, Say Vienna Socialists.

Amsterdam, Oct. 9.—A dispatch received here from Vienna describes an imposing peace demonstration which was held by the Christian socialist party in the town hall Sunday. Thousands of persons were present.

Prince Alois Lichtenstein, president of the lower Austrian diet, opened the proceedings by announcing that the meeting had been convened out of gratitude to the Pope and the emperor to demand peace by agreement and general disarmament and arbitration as outlined in the recent speech of Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister.

"We offer our hand for an honest peace," said Prince Lichtenstein, "but if it is rejected, we shall seize the sword, which, as hitherto, with God's help, will decide in our favor."

Councilor Kunschok followed with an eloquent speech in the same tenor and was frequently applauded.

"We are assembled," said the councilor, "to declare how warm and glowing are our longings for peace. But the leading men in enemy states must be warned against drawing false conclusions from this admission. We want peace, but not at any price. We demand peace in the name of Europe, which is sinking to exhaustion while her competitors are waxing fat."

Expressing suspicion of President Wilson's demand of a democratized Europe because America herself was far from real democracy. Councilor Kunschok concluded his address, after a tremendous ovation by praying for blessings on the peace exertions of Pope Benedict and Emperor Charles.

VIRGINIA NEWS

Secretary Baker has put the War Department's influence behind the movement for the purchase of Thomas Jefferson's birthplace, Monticello, with a view to its conversion into an army and navy hospital during the war and creation of a national park there after the war. Chairman Dent, of the House military committee, stated yesterday that he will press for action at the next session of Congress a bill to authorize the purchase, at not exceeding $500,000, of the Monticello property, which is near Charlottesville, 125 miles south of the National Capital.

Judge Charles Catlett, Confederate veteran, who was known as the "watermelon king," of Virginia, died Sunday night in his home Timberlake, Gloucester county, after an illness of two weeks. Judge Catlett is reported to have cultivated watermelons that weighed as much as 125 pounds each.

Shortly after 10 o'clock Saturday night an automobile driven by Miss Virginia Jarvis and occupied by her father, Samuel A. Jarvis, of Eastville, and John King of Cape Charles, was in collision with a light New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk R. R., engine at the road crossing just south of Eastville Station. Mr. Jarvis died shortly after the accident. Mr. King's jaw was broken and he was cut and bruised. Miss Jarvis escaped serious injury. The automobile caught on some part of the engine and was dragged several yards. The party had attended a theatrical performance at Cape Charles and was on the way to the station.

John D. Voudouris and Charles Cardallas, two young Greeks, were killed at a Norfolk and Western Railroad crossing, about five miles from Portsmouth, Sunday afternoon when their automobile stalled on the track in front of an approaching passenger train. The car, purchased Saturday by Voudouris' was demolished. Voudouris was killed outright. Cardallas died a few hours after reaching a hospital.

Two big subscriptions to the Liberty loan were made in Richmond yesterday. The Merchants' National Bank subscribed $1,000,000 and the National State and City Bank $750,000. Two other $1,000,000 subscriptions were made last week.

For the first time in the history of the institution the Bristol jail was without an inmate Saturday. The sole prisoner confined in the building was released on payment of a fine late in the afternoon. This is regarded by city officials and the police authorities as a peculiar situation as especially significant. Most of the time in the past several months the jail has housed prisoners numbering from three to thirty. Immediately after every court term the usual number are taken to the penitentiary but their places is soon filled by others.

James Canter elected Saturday to stand a sixth trial in Bristol for the murder of Mrs. Maude Wilson, rather than accept two and one-half years imprisonment. Four juries have disagreed since the first convicted James and Luther Canter jointly of the atrocious murder of the young woman. A proposition for Center to plead guilty and accept five years' imprisonment with a credit of two and a half years for the time he has been in jail was agreed upon by the judge and commonwealth's attorney and the proposition was submitted to the prisoner. He said that he would rather go to the electric chair than plead guilty to a crime he did not commit, refusing even to discuss terms of compromise. Sixty jurors have tried Canter and forty-five have favored conviction and the remainder acquittal.

Weak Kidneys

regulated and made strong by the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water. Positively guaranteed by money-back offer. Tastes fine; costs a trifle. Delivered anywhere by our Alexandria distributors, F. S. Harper, Inc. Phone them.

SHOOTS ASSAILANT.

Man Sought in Liquor Raid is Hit Five Times.

Spartansburg, S. C., Oct. 9.—Lieut. Randall M. Mattson, of Rochester, New York, member of the military police, was shot and painfully wounded Sunday night by William Lands, who was suspected of selling liquor to soldiers and Lands was in turn shot five times by Lieut. Mattson. Mattson will recover, but Lands' wounds are thought to be fatal.

Lieut. Mattson, with a local policeman and five privates of the military police, went to Lands' house to make a search for contraband liquor. Lands attempted to escape by a rear door. As he stepped out he fired two shots at Lieut. Mattson, one taking effect in the groin. Lieut. Mattson's pistol was not loaded, but after he fell to the ground he slipped the magazine into place and fired five shots at Lands, all taking effect. Three went through the abdomen.

Gen. Charles L. Phillips, acting commander of Camp Wadsworth, yesterday isued a statement commending the bravery of Lieut. Mattson and Major Shanlon head of the military police took the occasion to say that the Federal authorities and the civil authorities, acting jointly, would continue their activities against all places suspected of selling liquor to soldiers.

U-BOAT GETS AWAY.

Spain to Punish Officials to Blame At Cadiz.

Madrid, Oct. 9.—A German submarine interned at Cadiz, has escaped. Several German submarines have sought refuge in Spanish ports during the war and one of them, which put in at Cadiz, was escorted out of the port later by Spanish torpedo boats. To prevent further incidents of this nature, King Alfonso, on June 30 last, signed a decress forbidding submarines of belligerent powers to navigate Spanish waters or enter Spanish ports. It was declared that all submarines which entered the Spanish zone would be interned.

Washington. Oct. 9.—The Spanish government has taken drastic action to discipline the officials responsible for the safe internment of the German submarine which escaped from Cadiz.

"The Store of Greater Service"

LANSBURGH & BRO

Washington, D. C.

NOW IN PROGRESS OUR 57TH ANNIVERSARY SALE

This sale surpasses all other sales of this kind for value-giving. The reason for this is that manufacturers, jobbers and wholesale merchants have co-operated, more than ever before, with us to make this the biggest "value carnival" of the season Then too, we have been continually on the market and placing contracts, some of which dating back to last year. Only last week were the last of these contracts completely filled.

For these facts you can understand better what is offered in this remarkable sale. In many cases the merchandise we offer can not be duplicated. Think what it means to buy here.

When you come to town remember Lansburgh & Bro. is where you can save money.

MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT AND CAREFUL ATTENTION.

SWAN BROS.

King and Pitt Streets Alexandria, Virginia

Blankets and Comforts

THE LARGE VARIETY OF BLANKETS AND COMFORTS, NOW ON SALE IN THE BLANKET DEPARTMENT, COMPRISES MAKES OF KNOWN RELIABILITY.

WHITE WOOL BLANKETS, the pair $5, $7.50, $10, $12.50, $15

NEW PLAID WOOL BLANKETS, the pair $6.98, $8.50, $10.00

COTTON BLANKETS (White and Gray) the pair 98c, $1.50, $2, $2.50and $3.50.

BED COMFORTS, each 2.50, $3.98, $5.00, $7.50, $10.00, $12.00.

The Citizens National Bank

ANNOUNCES THAT THE

3 1-2 Per Cent Liberty Bonds

are ready for delivery to subscribers, and that subscriptions are now being received for the new

4 Per Cent Liberty Bonds

SUBSCRIBE NOW

FOR RENT

Two story brick residence with 7 rooms and bath, No. 711 Oronoco St, between Washington and Columbus Sts. 3 large rooms with front and back stairway on first floor, 4 bed rooms and up to date bath on second floor, recently papered and painted, furnance heat, hot and cold water, gas and electric light fixtures. For further particulars see

Samuel L. Monroe.

307 King Street Bell Phone 444

BURKE & HERBERT, Bankers

Established 1852

High Grade Investment Bonds 1st Mortgages on Real Estate

Deposits Received Subject to Check 3 Per cent. paid on Savings Deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent. Letters of Credit and Travelers Express Cheques

FOR SALE

Beautiful Home 913 Prince Street

In Perfect Condition

8 Rooms and Bath.

Inspection granted upon application to this office.

Graham & Ogden

529 King Street. Alexandria, Va.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY
ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.

Girls' Select Boarding and Day School. Thoroughly modern and Cultural in curriculum, methods of instruction and environment. English, Art, Music, French and Commerical courses offer every facility to acquire a complete, practical and refined education. Positions secured on completion of either the one or two years of the Business Department, which offers special advantages. Boys under 12 admitted to the day school.

The Sisters of the Holy Cross. 217-4w.

BLANKETS

QUILTS

RAG RUGS

Etc.

Banner Laundry

Phone 208.

ADMITS HIRING GUNMEN.

M. J. Sullivan on Stand at Hearing of Philadelphia Mayor.

Philadelphia, Oct. 9.—The sudden production on the witness stand of Michael J. Sullivan, alleged "go-between" in the Fifth ward primary election day row, which resulted in the killing of a policeman, created a mild sensation when the hearing of Mayor Thomas B. Smith and eight others on charges of conspiracy to murder was resumed before Judge Brown yesterday in the Municipal Court.

Sullivan, who admitted that he had brought 18 gunmen here from New York for election work was arrested by detectives from the District Attorney's office without the knowledge of the Detective Bureau.

His testimony corroborated that given last week by Samuel G. Maloney, manager of the local branch of the Val O'Farrell Detective Agency, by whom he was employed as an operative.

Sullivan said the arrangements for the importation of the men was made in the presence of Isaac Deutsch, one of the principals in the case, who was contesting James A. Carey's ward leadership and candidacy for Select Council, and a certain magistrate, who, the prosecution contends, issued in wholesale fashion blank warrants for the arrest on primary election day of Carey followers. Maloney at this meeting, Sullivan said, gave him $100 to pay transportation expenses of the men brought here and remarked in Deutsch's presence that "the money was to be used in getting the men here for Mr. Deutsch."

Sullivan said that Maloney gave him $100 after the row and told him to "lay low."

He fled to a lumber camp on an island in the Delaware river, near the Delaware Water Gap and remained there until he was arrested yesterday.

At the request of District Attorney Rotan, Sullivan was held under $5,000 bail for a further hearing Wednesday on a charge of conspiracy.

Edwin M. Fehr, a fire lieutenant, stationed in the Fifth ward, testified that Deutsch told him several weeks before primary election day that he, Mayor Smith and Police Captain Kenny were to hold a conference at Deutsch's cottage at Atlantic City. He added that Deutsch had said that Kenny declared he could furnish 500 policemen, if necessary, to beat Carey at the polls.

NEWS OF THE DAY

The nearest thing to a Presidential summary of the war aims and purposes of America was presented at the White House yesterday. President Wilson gave his record to the principles asserted by the organizers of the League for National Unity, headed by leaders in the church, business, professional and labor world. He declared that the American people will fight by the side of America's allies until the war is victoriously concluded.

A curious story involving religious intrigue by the notorious Von Bernstorff came to light last night. It shows how the former ambassador tried to have a cousin of Daniel Cohalan appointed Bishop of Cork, in Ireland; how he strongly urged the Berlin Foreign Office to make representations to the Vatican in behalf of this candidate; how he was brazen enough to assert that Cohalan, as Bishop, would be pro-German, and would work against the interests of Britain.

The murderous British fire in Flanders yesterdayy again crushed in its incipiency a vicious German counter thrust aimed at reconquering the positions east of the Polygon wood. Sir Douglas Haig was able to report that despite the fact that the attack had been preceded by a heavy German barrage all along the front between Hollebeke and Brodseinde, which is the line where the British made their successful advance last Thurday, the thrust was a complete failure. Teuton local attacks on the campaign north of the Aisne and in Belgium were equally unsuccessful, Paris reports.

Hulda Sandgren, cashier for the Boysen Baking Company of Chicago, was knocked unconscious yesterday by five bandits and robbed of $1,085 which she was taking to the bank to deposit. The bandits escaped in an automobile.

A dispatch from Stockholm says in respone to the king's appeal for unity, the leaders of all parties, conservatives, liberals and socialists, have sent replies that all agree to the absolute necessity of the new government observing strict neutrality in the war regardless of consequnces. The conservatives emphasize the importance of maintaining commercial relations with both groups of belligerents.

The Swiss labor journal, Mettalurgiste, gives official statistics showing that 63,137 munitions workers from 109 factories in Germany went out on strike during the first three months of the present year, as compared with about 3,000 men from 23 factories during the same period in 1916. The reasons assigned for the strikes were bad and insufficient food and the higher cost of living.

Allan Bennett 14 years old, of Yonkers, N. Y., was shot and killed yesterday afternoon by Private Peter Gallagher, of C battery, a sentry guarding the Catskill Aqueduct, where it passes through the eastern section of Yonkers. Gallagher, who is 18 years old and whose home is in New York city, was patroling his sentry post when he stopped to examine his rifle. In a manner which he was unable to explain the cartridge was exploded while his rifle was pointed at where the boy stood and he fell with a bullet through his head.

A Berlin dispatch says that Field Marshal von Hindenburg, replying to a congratulatory telegram from the Catholic People's Union of Essen said: "We, too, desire what the Pope desires, namely, the termination of the war, which was forced upon us. Our enemies, however, are not willing. President Wilson's note was not only an insult to the German people, but was also an insult to the Pope's good will. Our enemies, however, will gradually come to their senses. Therefore we must wait. Let us continue to be victorious and hold our peace."

Private advices from Hamburg state that a German battle cruiser of the newest type, just completed, was seriously damaged by a mine on her trial trip off Helgoland. Three officers and twenty sailors are reported to have been lost. Auxiliary craft towed the warship into port.

Vice Admiral Sims cabled the Navy Department yesterday that an American patrol vessel, on duty at night in the war zone, had fired on an Italian submarine which failed to answer recognition signals, killing one officer and one enlisted man. Secretary Daniels at once sent a message to the Italian minister of marine, expressing the deepest regret over the unfortunate occurrence, and tendering his and the American navy's sympathy for the loss of life.

Predicted frosts in the South caused an excited advance of more than $5 a bale in the cotton market of New York yesterday forenoon. January contracts touched 26.45, or 7 cents per pound above the low level of last month.

Owing to the various parties having convoked meeting for yesterday morning to consider the situation arising from Saturday's sitting of the Reichstag, says a Berlin dispatch, the debate which was planned for today has been postponed until tomorrow. The chief subject of discussion will be war aims, but according to this dispatch the Imperial Chancellor, Dr. Michaelis, has gone to headquarters.

Auto Rushes Into Creek.

Salisbury, Md., Oct. 9.—One of the largest automobile transit busses belonging to the Rapid Transit Company of this city, while en route to Princess Anne, Md., slid off the roadbed while crossing the milldam at Allen and went into the creek, about 20 feet below, turning over twice in its descent, carrying with it Whiteley Lowe, the driver, and four colored passengers.

The large bus was inclosed with glass windows, but the occupants, breaking the glass, succeeded in paddling to the surface of the creek. Some of the negro passengers were cut from glass.

Lowe's leg was injured and he was cut and bruised on the body. The bus is submerged.

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE CORPORATION COURT OF THE CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.

John P. Agnew, Mary Agnew Stratton, and Alexander K. Stratton, her husband, Complainants vs. Frederick Mertens, in his own right, and as Admr., d. b. n. c. t. a. of Park Agnew, Margretta Agnew Demarest and Harry E. Demarest, her husband; Matilda Agnew Rogers and Walter G. Rogers, her husband, M. B. Harlow and John Mitchell, jr., as trustees, and M. B. Harlow, in his own right and as trustee, Defendants. In Chancery.

To John P. Agnew, Mary Agnew Stratton and Alexander K. Stratton, her husband, Frederick Mertens, in his own right, and as admr. d. b. n. c. t. a. of Park Agnew, deceased, Margretta Agnew Demarest and Harry E. Demarest, her husband, Matilda Agnew Rogers and Walter G. Roberts, her husband, M. B. Harlow and John Mitchell, jr., as Trustees, and M. B. Harlow, in his own right and as Trustee, and all other creditors or persons having claims against the estate of the said Park Agnew.

You are hereby notified that I have fixed on the 20th. day of October, 1917, at ten o'clock a. m., at my office 115 South Royal Street, Alexandria Virginia, as the time and place when and where I shall proceed to commence to execute the decree rendered by the Corporation Court for the City of Alexandria, Virginia, and entered on the 14th day of September, 1917, in the Chancery cause therein depending, wherein John P. Agnew, et als., are plaintiffs and Frederick Mertens, etc., et als, are defendants, by which decree I, William P. Woolls, was appointed a Special Commissioner in Chancery of said Court and was directed to take, state, ascertain and report to the Court according to said decree, as follows, to-wit:

1. Of what estate, both real and personal, the late Park Agnew died seized and possessed; the assessed and annual value of the said real estate, and liens thereon, with their respective amounts and priorities.

2. All debts and liabilities of the said Park Agnew, with their respective amounts and priorities.

3. To state and settle the accounts of the late Laura B. Agnew, as executrix of the said Park Agnew; Frederick Mertens, admr., d. b. n. c. t. a. of the said Park Agnew, Frederick Mertens as collector of the rents, issues and profits of the real estate the said Park Agnew died seized and possessed, M. B. Harlow, as trustee in a deed of trust dated September 19th, 1910, recorded in Deed Book No. 60, page 239, a Land Record of Alexandria City, and M. B. Harlow and John Mitchell, Jr., as trustees in a deed of trust dated September 2nd, 1912, recorded in Deed Book No. 62, page 307, a Land Record of said City.

4. To marshal all the assets of the estate of said Park Agnew for payment of debts.

5. Any other matter or thing that any party to this suit may require or to him may seem material, pertinent or proper.

At which time and place you are required to attend, subject to all proper adjournments and continuances, until completion of the said reference, and to bring such documents, books, or other evidence as may be required at any time by Special Commissioner, and such depositions are to be taken as may be necessary to show the facts in this cause.

Given under my hand as Special Commissioner of said Court this 2nd day of October, 1917.

Wm. P. WOOLLS, Special Commissioner in Chancery for the Corporation Court in Alexandria City, Virginia. 240-14t

10 Years!

10 years—that is the guarantee on Sal-Mo Sectional Asphalt Shingles. They will last longer than that, of course. But you are actually protected for that time. The manufacturers give you their absolute guarantee.

SAL-MO
Sectional Asphalt SHINGLES

The most beautiful and lasting of all roof coverings. Richest colors. See the new *moss green* color. And learn how inexpensive these shingles are. Cost much less to lay than ordinary shingles. They are *self-spacing*. Do not split, warp or leak. Ask us for estimate of cost. We also have the famous Reliance Asphalt Roofing for stores, factories, farm buildings, etc.

FRIES BEAL & SHARP CO
Washington, D. C.

Krumbles
is *All Wheat* and every single tiny shred is thoroughly and deliciously toasted.

Look for this signature
W. K. Kellogg

JACK PICKFORD
AND
LOUISE HUFF
IN
"The Ghost House"

REMEMBER YOUR FIRST GHOST?

See the happiest boy and girl in the world in the happiest little mystery play ever written.

You'll recall the bygone days and you'll go home with some of the vim and "pep" of youth regained.

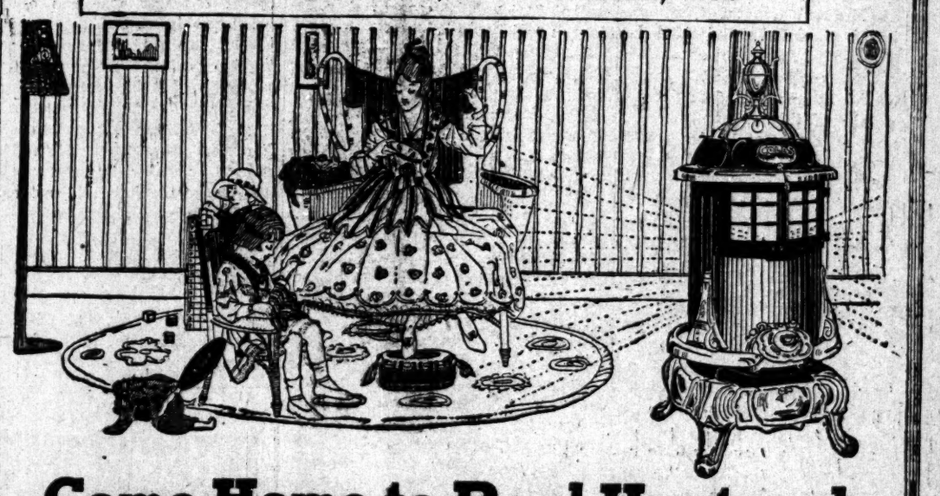
Richmond, Wednesday, Oct, 10

Richmond Tonight, Billie Burke in "The Mysterious Miss Terry"

Surprise Tonight, An all-star cast in "Heartaches"
Ham and Bud in "The Property Man"

SCHOOL BOOKS
New and second hand.
SCHOOL SUPPLIES
Of all kinds.
Let us fill your book list, for either Grammar or High School grades.
S. F. DYSON & BRO.
Booksellers & Stationers.
420 King Street.

Frank Michelbach
907 King Street, Alexandria, Va.



Come Home to Real Heat and Big Fuel Economy

What a satisfaction to get next to *real* heat after that cold trip home. No more fruitless hugging a radiator. High fuel prices seal the doom of extravagant, fuel wasting heating plants. If you want a perfectly heated home and greatly reduced fuel bills you will invest in

Cole's Original Hot Blast Heater

BURNS CHEAPEST COAL CLEAN AND BRIGHT. USES ANY FUEL.

It will save the nation millions in fuel money this winter. Act now.

No. 111

Renew the Joy *of* Living

Don't let ill health any longer rob you of life's pleasures. Get back your appetite, strengthen your digestion, stimulate your liver, regulate your bowels and improve your blood by taking

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Their action is prompt and thorough, and you soon feel their benefits. You will eat more, work better, sleep sounder, and feel new strength after a short course of these dependable pills. They restore healthy conditions, and soon

Bring Health *and* Energy

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold Everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

RAILROADS

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM

N. B.—Following schedule figures published only as information. Not guaranteed.

Trains leave Union Station, Alexandria:

4:27 a. m., Daily—Memphis Special. Sleeping cars and coaches for Lynchburg, Roanoke, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Washington sleeping cars open after 10:00 p. m. Dining car.

7:47 a. m., Daily—Local to Harrisonburg. Buffet parlor car.

8:17 a. m., Daily—Local to stations between Manassas and Charlottesville and limited beyond to Atlanta. Coaches only.

9:17 a. m., Daily—U. S. fast mail. Coaches and sleeping cars to Charlotte, Atlanta, Birmingham, New Orleans. Sleeping car Salisbury to Asheville. Dining car.

4:02 p. m., Daily except Sunday—Local to Harrisonburg. Buffet parlor car.

4:22 p. m., Daily—Local to Charlottesville. Parlor car to Warrenton, daily except Sunday.

5:12 p. m., Daily—Birmingham Special. Coaches and sleeping cars to Atlanta and Birmingham. Dining car. Daily tourist car to California.

5:22 p. m., Daily except Sunday—Local for Warrenton.

7:17 p. m., Daily—Augusta Special. Coaches and sleeping cars to Charlotte, Columbia, Aiken and Augusta. Sleeping cars to Asheville. Dining car.

10:02 p. m., Daily—Washington & Chattanooga Limited. (Via Lynchburg). Coaches and sleeping cars to Roanoke, Knoxville, Chattanooga, New Orleans. Dining car.

11:02 p. m. Daily—New York & New Orleans Limited. All Pullman train. Club and Observation cars to Atlanta and New Orleans. Sleeping car to Macon. Dining car.

S. D. SHELTON,
Union Ticket Agent, Alexandria, Va.
R. H. DeBUTTS,
Division Passenger Agent, Washington, D. C.

Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Company.

Every day in the year for Fortress Monroe, Norfolk, Newport News and points south via superb, powerful steel palace steamers.

Through connections made at Norfolk with steamers of the Old Dominion Steamship Company for New York and Merchants and Miners Steamship for Boston.

Washington Southern Ry.

Schedule in effect July 2, 1917.

For Washington and points north daily 8:08, 8:23, 8:33, 10.38, 10:45 a. m. 12:01, 1:28, 2:30, (through train for New York, via P. R. R.) 5:14, 5.53, 8:23, 11:33 p. m.

Saturdays only, 4:45 p. m., and Sundays only 8:08 p. m.

For Fredericksburg, Richmond and points south at 4:37, 7:52 (local) and 9:47, a. m. 12:16, 3:22, 3:32, 5:17 (local) 7:02, 9:47 p. m. daily.

Accommodation for Quantico at 11:18 a. m. daily and 2:15 p. m. Saturdays. Night train leaves 11:30 p. m. daily for stations Lorton to Fredericksburg inclusive.

NOTE—Times of arrival and departure and connections not guaranteed.

Maryland, Delaware and Virginia Railway Co.

Steamers of this line leave Alexandria every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday, at 4:45 p. m.

FOR BALTIMORE AND ALL THE USUAL RIVER LANDINGS

Cuisine and appointments unexcelled.

Freight for Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York solicited and handled with care. Through rates and bills of lading issued.

Single fare to Baltimore, $3.25; with return trip $4.50. State rooms one way $2.00 and up.

THE WASHINGTON VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO.

In effect June 21, 1915.

Subject to Change Without Notice.

Leave Alexandria For Washington—Daily Except Sundays and Holidays.

A. M.—5 00, 5 40, 6 00, 6 20, 6 40, 6 55, 7 10, 7 20, 7 30, 7 40, 7 50, 8 00, 8 10, 8 20, 8 40, 9 00, 9 20, 9 40, 10 00, 10 20, 10 40, 11 00, 11 20, 11 40, Noon 12 00.

P. M.—12 20, 12 40, 1 00, 1 20, 1 40, 2 00, 2 20, 2 40, 3 00, 3 20, 3 40, 4 00, 4 20, 4 40, 5 00, 5 20, 5 40, 6 00, 6 40, 7 00, 7 20, 7 35, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 10, 11 55

Sunday and Holidays, same as above except trains at 5 00, 5 40, 6 00, 6 20, 6 40, 7 10, 7 30, 7 50, and 8 10 A. M and 11 55 P. M.

Leave Alexandria For Mt. Vernon.

A. M.—Week Days—5 35, 6 35, 7 55, 8 55, 10 30, 11 30.—P. M.—12 30, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 30, 5 35, 6 40, 7 35, 8 32, 10 20, 11 50.

Sunday as above except 6 30 and 9 55 A. M. and 11 50 P. M.